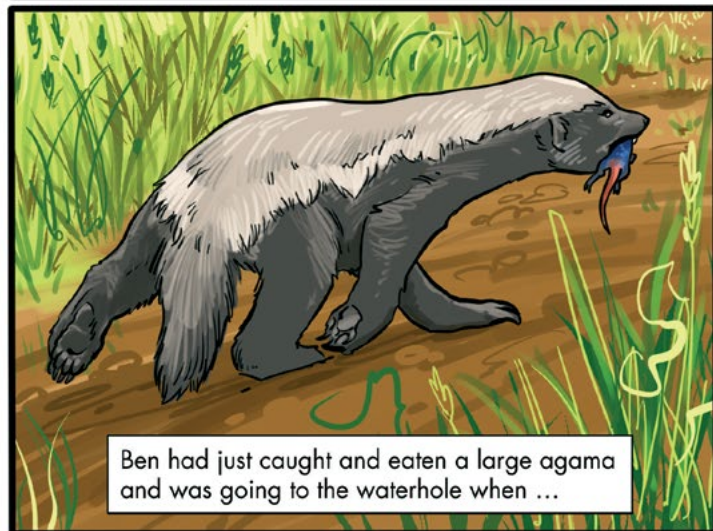
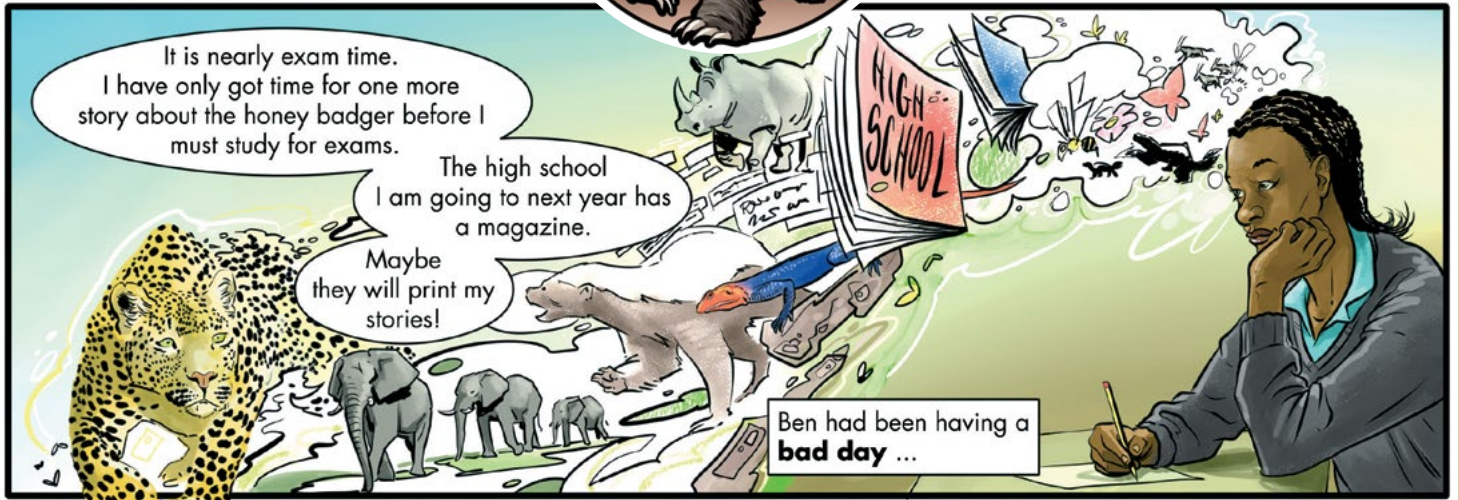


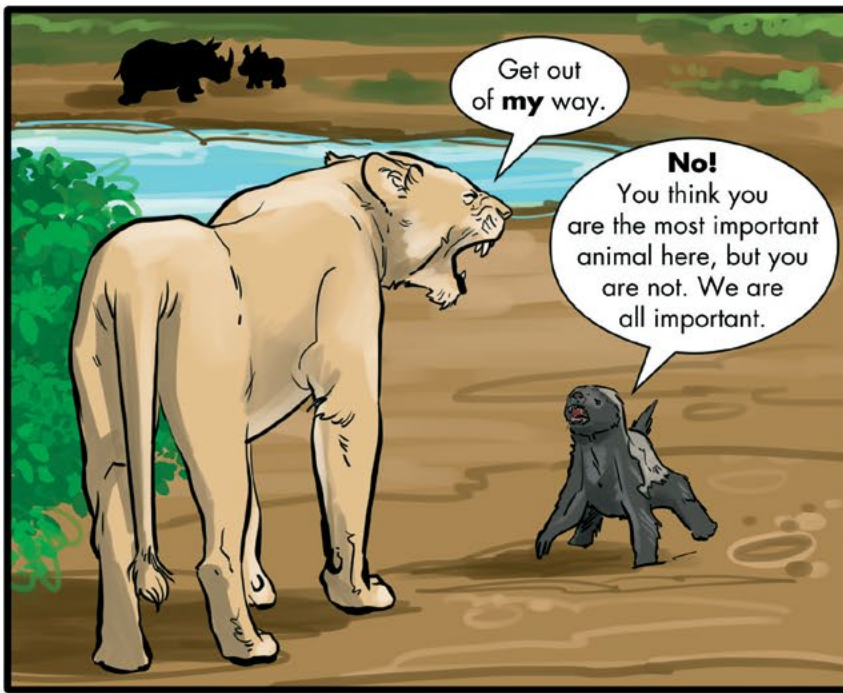
# Animals need other Animals and Plants to Live

## EPISODE 6



Learn about animals and plants in Namibia as you accompany **Ben**, the honey badger, on his adventures. These Family Activity Sheets are suitable for the whole family. Adult participation is recommended when enjoyed by younger children.





Get out of **my** way.

**No!**  
You think you are the most important animal here, but you are not. We are all important.



I am **big** and I eat springbok and other animals. There would be too many if I didn't eat some.

What good are **you**?



Me? I have already helped the **honey bird** this morning, by breaking open a bees' nest, and helped a **jackal** and **goshawk** hunt.



**Lion** is scary, but also **right**. I will go catch some mice.

They are delicious and if I don't eat some there will be **too** many.

What do **you** do to help, **Rhino**?

Ben started to feel better about his day after he had said that. He saw his friend Baby Rhino which made him feel even better ...



I **roll around** in muddy puddles. I roll around so much that the puddle turns into a waterhole that animals can drink from.

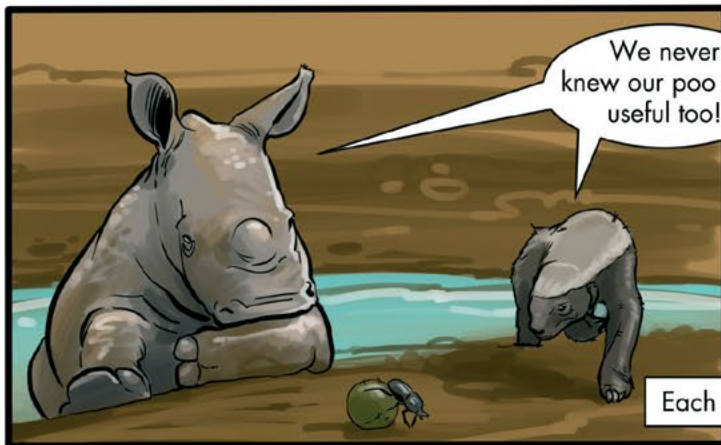
I even made this waterhole.

I am **useful!**

You are both **very** useful to me!



I take your poo and I bury it under the ground to hatch my eggs in. The plants also use the poo for food. And rhino, you make a lot of poo!



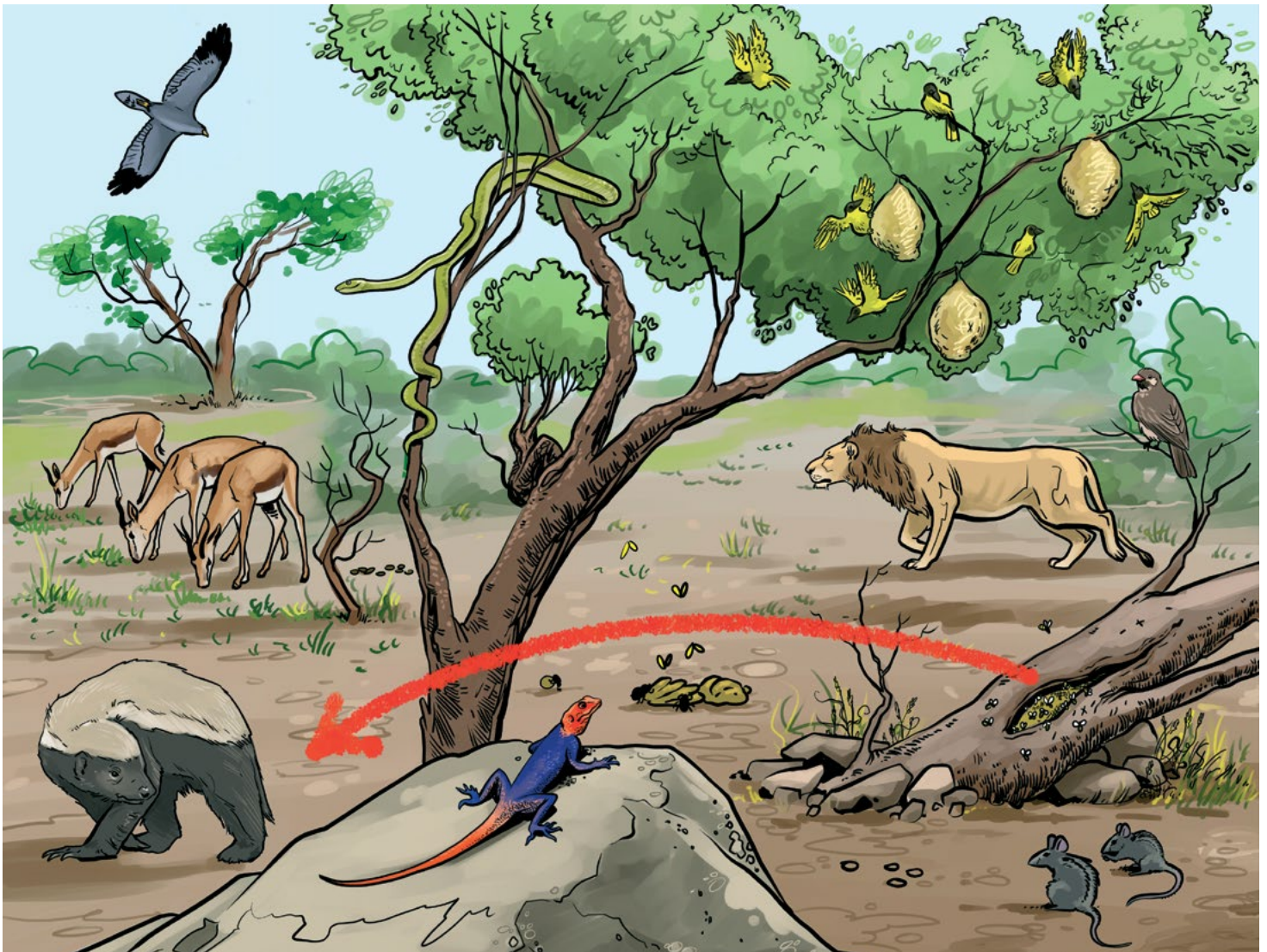
We never knew our poo was useful too!



Each kind of plant and animal needs other plants and animals to **live**.

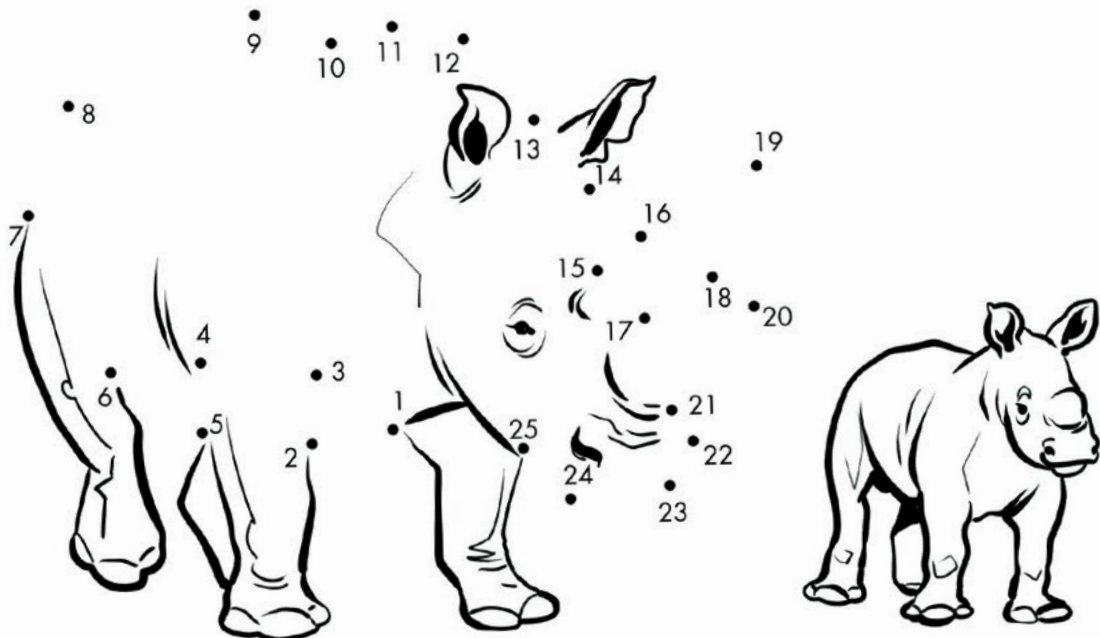
## Animals and plants are useful to each other

Look at the animals and plants from the story in the picture below. We have drawn an arrow from the bees to the honey badger because bee larvae provide food for the honey badger. Now you draw other arrows to show which animals are useful to other animals or plants.



## Complete the animal

Start at number 1 and join the dots to complete the animal. Colour it in when you have finished.



## Make a bee

You will need these things to make your own bee.

- a small rock for the body
- yellow paint and a paintbrush
- some black wool for the bee's stripes
- glue
- a pencil
- paper for the wings
- scissors
- a small piece of black paper for the sting
- a seed for the eye



1. Paint your rock yellow.



2. Cover the middle section of the rock with glue and then wind the wool around the rock so that it looks like bees stripes.



3. Leave it to dry.



4. Draw two wings on a piece of paper. Cut them out. Cut out a small triangle from a piece of black paper.



5. Stick the wings and tail on the bee. Find something, like a seed, that you can use for the eye of the bee. Stick it on the bee.



6. Your bee is complete.

## Suggestions of where to place arrows in the "Animals and plants are useful to each other" picture.

- Bee larvae, mice, agama and snakes are food for the honey badger.
- The badger helps the goshawk find food.
- The springbok are food for the lion.
- The badger breaks the bees' nest open which helps the honeyguide bird.
- The honey badger and other animals make dung, which helps plants.
- Plants are food for animals like springbok, birds and mice.
- Mice, agama and birds are food for snakes.

## What can we do?

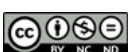
We must learn about how plants and animals help each other and protect all the plants and animals in the place where we live.



## Have your say

Send us a picture of your activities on **WhatsApp**: +264 (0)81 257 8617

Some of them will be published on social networks. Follow us on **Facebook** and **Instagram**: @EduConservation



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